

W^s Chapman.

17 Rue de Clichy.

12.^o



Ms. A. 7.3.8

Bark St. April 30 - 1850.

My dear Mr Chapman,

The preparation of a parcel for Boston
which ^{was} only despatched this afternoon,
has curtailed our time for getting ready
the one for Paris which must go to-morrow.
We have, however, contrived I hope to collect
& copy the Anti-Slavery documents &c. which
will most interest you. The Resolutions
& the Report of the meeting at which they
were passed my Father I believe told you
about in his letter of last Friday; the
Address, of which you will find a copy
is on its way to Mr May for presentation
at the New England Convention in June.
Mr Webb described ^{to me} an article Miss C. Weston
wished to have in an A.S. Standard -
which I hope I have succeeded in finding.
It does not exactly answer to his description
as he termed it a translation of yours from
Lamartine, but it is the only thing of the kind
I can discover from your pen in the 3
months to which he refers me. The letter

from Mr^r Maggie to my Father we thought
worth sending you, to prove that there
are some people in England besides
those immediately connected with your
Society who are dissatisfied with the ~~useless~~
or even obstructive character of the B. & F. &
A. S. Society. This lady is the wife of an Dr.
Maggie, "Secretary to the Board of British
Missions," connected we imagine with
the Evangelical Dissenters, who will be
likely on that account to have what my
Father terms "the traditional horror" of the
Society in which Mr^r Garrison's name is pronoun-
-neued. She applied for a contribution to
a ^{Fund} ~~Fund~~ for aiding slaves to escape, which
my Father did not like to subscribe to until
he had ascertained from Mr^r May that the
influence was in a right direction. He has
written very fully to her since receiving this
letter but has had no reply, & I fear the cor-
respondence will not be continued.

If you see the "Times" newspaper you will
perceive that an opening ^{has occurred} for enlightening
the English public on the subject of the
treatment of free colored people in the
Southern States; but in case you may not

have access to the English papers, I will give
you the substance of what my Father has
been to-day writing to your Sister Miss A. W.
Weston (who was kind enough to send him
a few lines with the annual package of
reports &c.) The Captain of a vessel was sued
by his coloured steward for two months
wages, which were refused him by the ~~form~~
on the ground that the money was paid
in gaol fees during the man's detention
in the Charleston prison. This case was
heard at the Thames Police office before
a Mr Yardley, who expressed his ignorance
of any law by which the man, without
committing any offence, could be placed
in prison. He scarcely credited the assertion
of Bowes (the colored man) until the Captain
(named Waddington) confirmed it. The
magistrate at length said it was a case for
Lord Palmerston, & that it was to be
brought forward at a later day. The Editor
of the Times has a leading article on the
subject, but seems as uninformed as Mr
Yardley respecting the regulations of the

Southern States, & no reference is made by any party to the far greater atrocity which may be committed on a British subject if the fees ^{be} not paid for his imprisonment. My Father has written to both the Editor and the magistrate, explaining to them the liability of these unfortunate captives to be sold into perpetual bondage, & informed them that notwithstanding their ignorance of the subject, Mr W. L. Garrison had in 1846 brought the matter forward at various public meetings in the Langton of this country to endeavour to call the attention of the English Government to "this anomalous relation of two countries in affinity with each other." There will probably be many other addresses of a similar nature to these parties, & it may have the effect of awakening public notice & curiosity, & thus causing the whole system of atrocity of which this is one small fraction to be more examined into & realized. The case was reported in the Times of Friday Ap-

appeared
the Editorial comments on the following
day (Sat^{ur}ay) There may be some further
notices this week.

We are longing to hear your reply to my
Father's question respecting your summer
movements, - at least I am, for my
heart has been set on procuring the
gratification of a personal acquaintance
with you, ever since you reached our
quarter of the Globe. If we had known
the time of your arriving in Liverpool
I don't think we should have been before
our friend Mr Webb in alacrity to give
you a personal welcome, certainly not
if inclination alone could have been
consulted. But I trust nothing will prevent
our meeting during this summer. We have
been brought unusually close to our American
Anti-Slavery friends of late, by the communica-
tions from them; the events occurring
here, W. W. Brown's visit &c, and there

is I think ^{other} intercourse in which we
find so much pleasure, tho' we have
many bonds of sympathy with those ^{near}
home. We have been much interested
in Mr. Wendell Phillips's powerful
^{& convincing} reply to W^r. D. Webster's dreadful speech,
& my Father has just been delighting
himself with the perusal of the Massachusetts
A. Report, to which I am looking forward
with some eagerness. There is something
to us peculiarly pointed & convincing
in Mr. Ed. Quincy's writing; I wish he'd
hiss A. W. Weston were as much within
reached as yourselves, not to mention
Mr. W. Phillips & many others. It grieves
us much to learn that Mrs. Follen has
been such a sufferer; I trust your report
of her will be more favorable than Miss
Lamb's last to Mr. H. Thomas. It was a
sad disappointment to me to miss seeing
her last Autumn. She was among my
friends long before I knew her as a

Friend of the Slave, for her "well-spent
hours," & "septic," & ^{slavery} then her "Married Life"
had awokened no ordinary affection
for the writer, often came her beautiful
memoir of Dr. Follen which guided &
stimulated us in our Anti-Slavery
Studies.

I must put up ~~the~~ the parcel, however,
instead of writing my sentiments to
you, but you see how much at home
I cannot help feeling already with you,
several times since you came to Europe.
Something has made me wish much to
write to you, but there never seemed
sufficient object for troubling you.

Please to present our kind regards to
all your circle who will accept them, &
receive them yourself, I believe we are
very sincerely yours
Mary Estlin.

May 1st. We have been allowed a day longer
than we were prepared for for the parcel which

enables us to enclose an additional letter
from Mr Webb, & to tell you that the question
respecting Powers has been asked. Lord Palmer
in Parliament who could only explain that
such was the American law, regret the fact

Mr Webb it seems, thought he had sent you
the copy of that letter of Mr Stoffie's not he
returned to us, & so I have enclosed. There are
some letters just arrived from F Douglass &
his ally Miss J. Griffiths to a lady here, appealing
for continued subscriptions to the "North
Star" & contributions to the Bazaar at Rochester
in aid of it. They however write cheerfully tho'
earnestly; & must be useful to see the colored
people standing up & proving their own title
to the privileges they claim, as the colored ladies
of New York, & Douglass himself are doing; so we
will not grudge the small diversion of energy
here from what we deem the most important
channel of action.